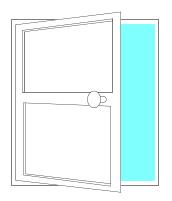
## An Introduction to ANSA



Chris Mayers (cmm@ansa.co.uk)



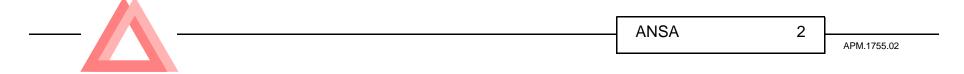
## Agenda

• A view of the IT marketplace

• The ANSA vision for exploiting current and future technologies

• New technical requirements that these pose

• How ANSA is tackling these new challenges



The Hidden Persuader in Open Systems

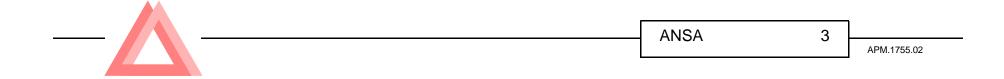


**Harvest research** 

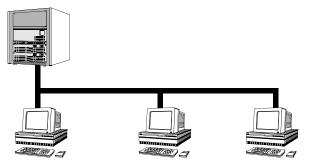
Build on current technology and open standards

**Intercept new requirements** 

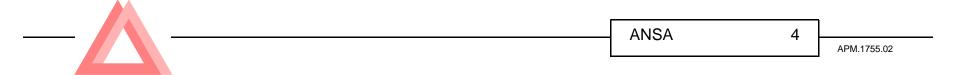




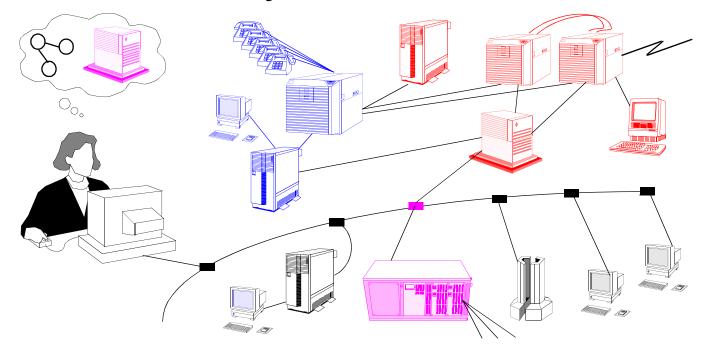
## **Issues for Client-Server Systems**

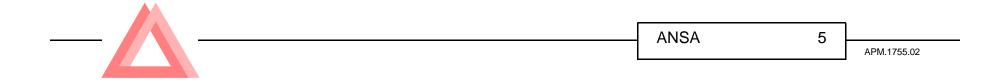


- Scalability
  - can the system expand as needed?
  - can the system be deployed in small and large configurations?
- Interoperability
  - can the system interwork with other systems?
- Dependability
  - can the system be made reliable and secure?



# **Distributed Systems in the Real World**





### What's different about distributed systems

- Diversity (heterogeneity)
  - many types of hardware platforms, networks, operating systems, applications,...
- Legacy
  - many versions of software
- Decentralization
  - many points of control in many organizations

### plus all the client-server issues on a large scale



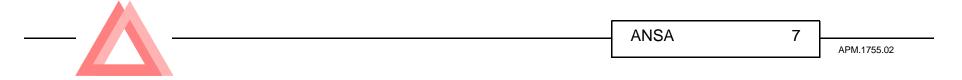
#### **Different policies for different applications**

• Availability versus Consistency

• Autonomy versus Uniformity

• Security versus Convenience

• ... and many other unavoidable trade-offs

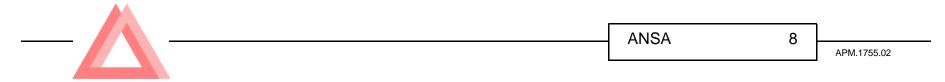


## **Technical challenges for distributed systems**

• Distributed systems have different properties to centralized systems

• Different applications need different solutions

• Unnecessary complexity should be masked from the applications



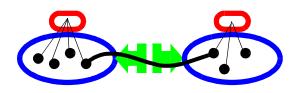
**The ANSA Architecture** 

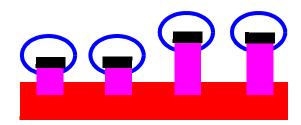
Trading and Federation Controlled interoperability

Selective Transparency One size does not fit all

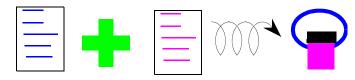
Abstract & Automate Tools replace APIs

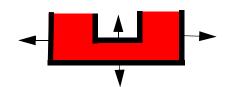
Modular Engineering Plug and play infrastructure

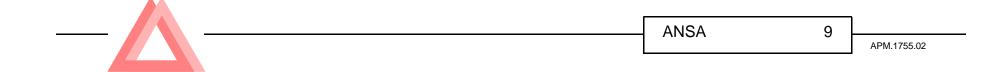




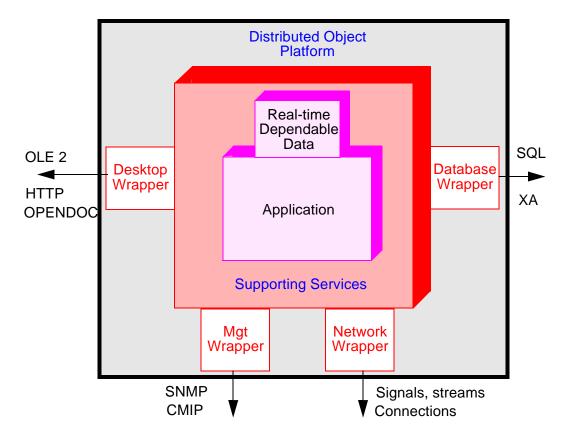
Service Infrastructure







## **Distributed Object Environment for Open Systems**



- Information service system
- Business process support system
- Systems management system
- Interactive multi-media system





## The Market

Public electronic commerce and information services

#### **INTEGRATION**

Distributed control and management of information networks New challenges New risks

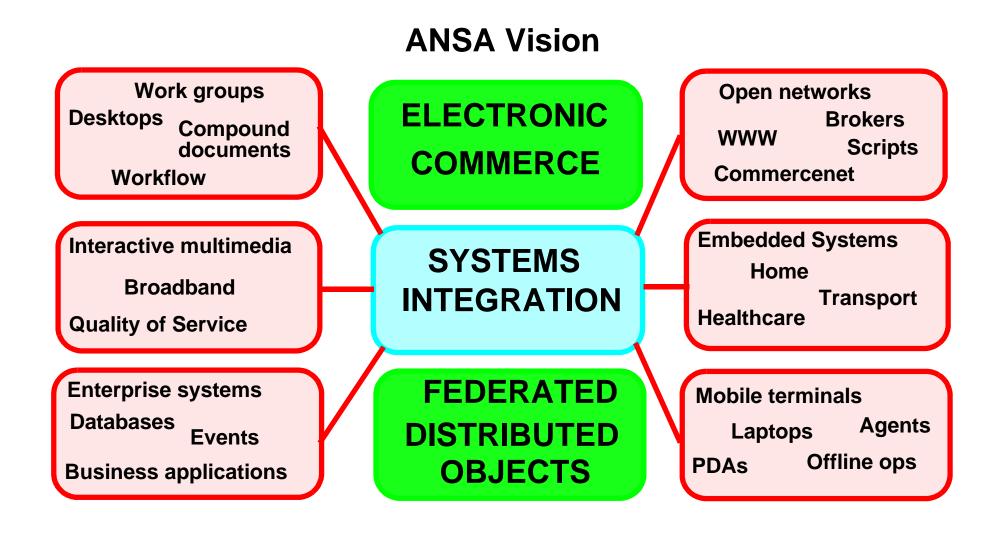
New technology

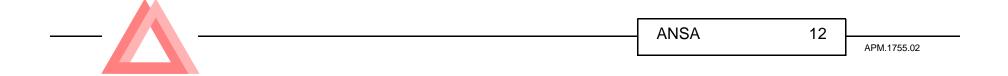
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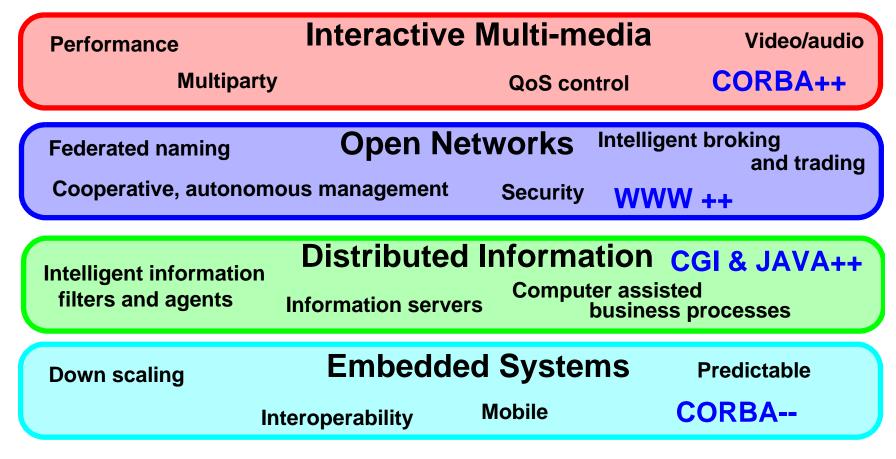
ANSA

APM.1755.02





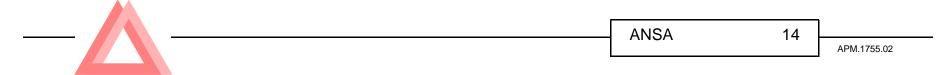
## **New Requirements**



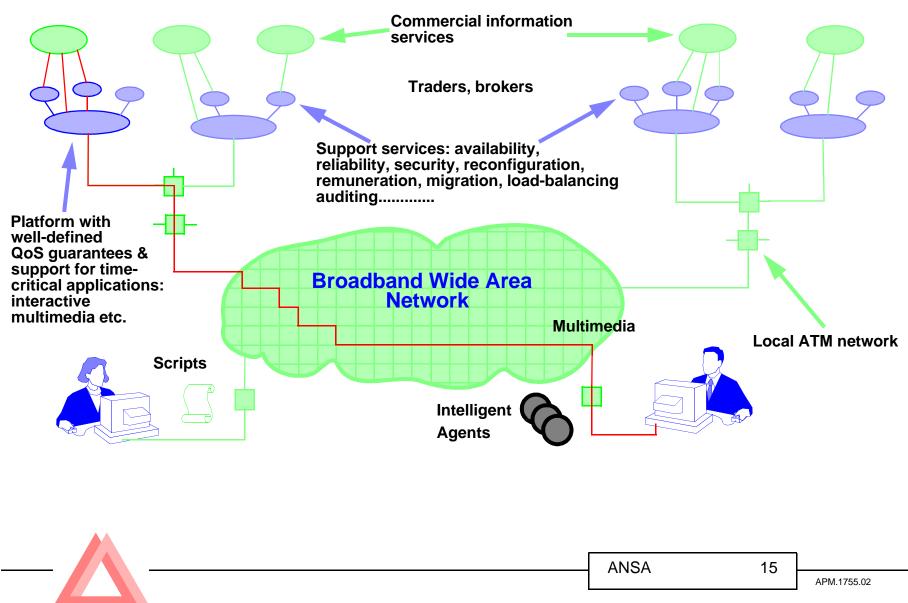


## Meeting the requirements

- Extend the ANSA architecture with new concepts and mechanisms
- Deliver prototypes
  - to prove the concepts work
  - to show how to apply them
  - to enable application development
- Propagate the knowledge into high-profile industry groups
  - W3C, Smartcard Forum,...
- Feed the expertise into standards bodies
  - OMG, ISO, ITU, OSF



#### **Scenario**



#### **ANSA Focus**

Public electronic commerce and information services

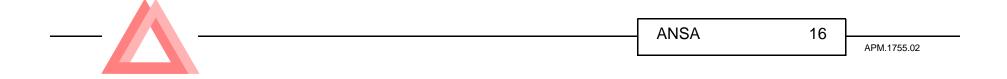


Explore, demonstrate

Distributed control and management of information networks

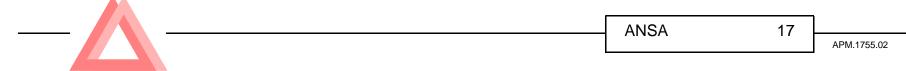


Prototype, extend, validate



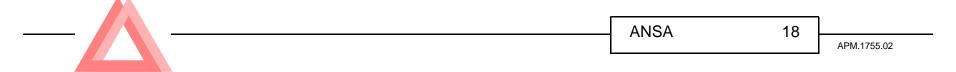
### **Information Services Framework - the need**

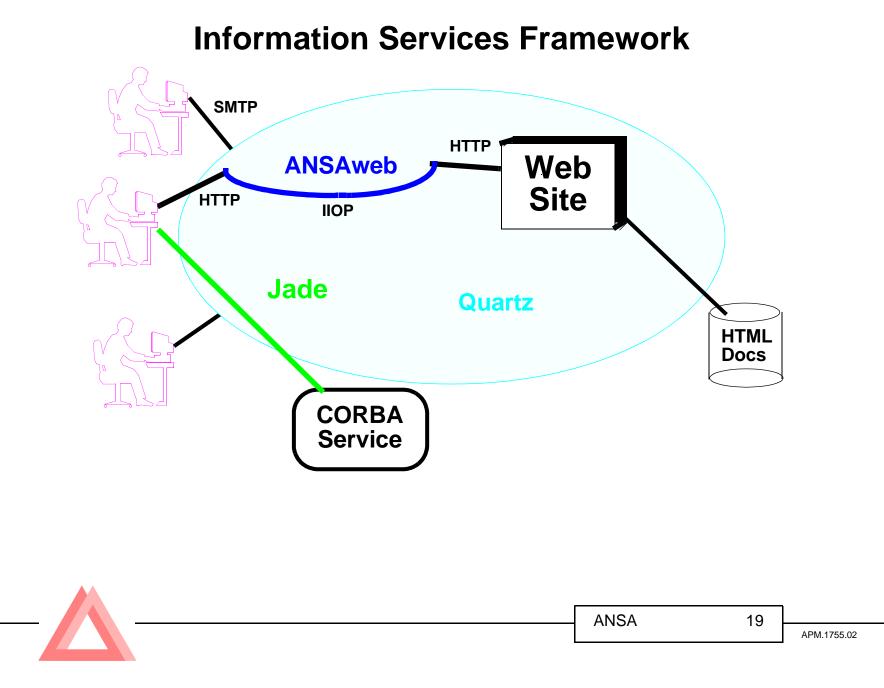
- World Wide Web is creating a uniform information space
  - Good presentation and authoring tools
  - Poor navigation, administration and development tools
  - Inefficient protocols
  - No support for active documents
- Distributed objects can help
  - using a tool-based approach
  - applying experience with protocols
  - applying federation principles



### **Information Services Framework - the key technologies**

- Internet, the World Wide Web and its protocols
  - new capabilities still evolving and being standardized
- CORBA, and its IIOP interoperability protocol
  - for integrating distributed applications
- Java
  - for programming Internet applications

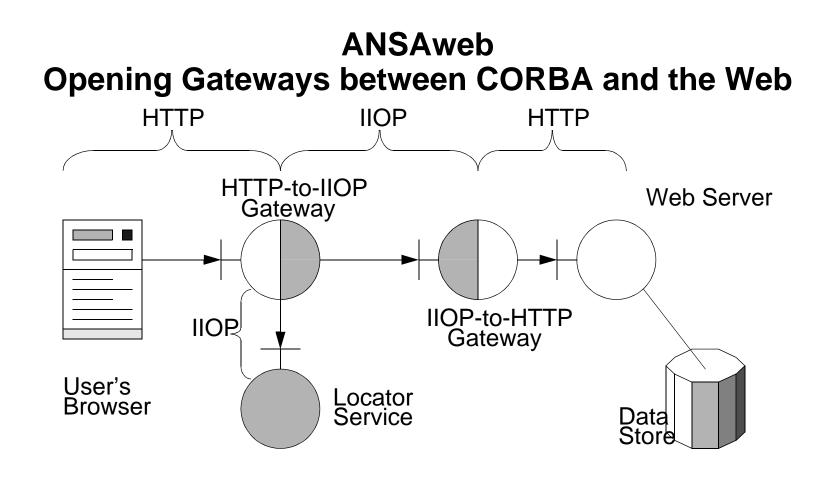




### **Information Services Framework - ANSA in action**

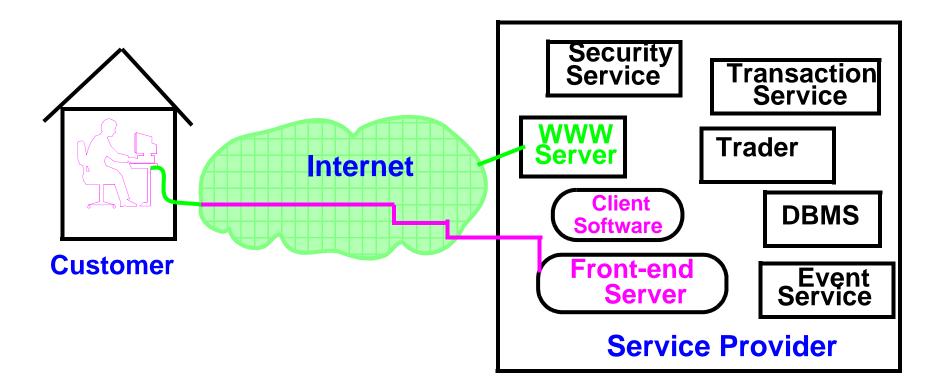
- ISF links distributed objects and the World Wide Web
- ISF focuses on security
  - particularly in the associated E2S (End to End Security) EU project
- ISF contributes to World Wide Web standards
  - via IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force)
  - via participation in World Wide Web initiatives (W3C, and WWW conferences)





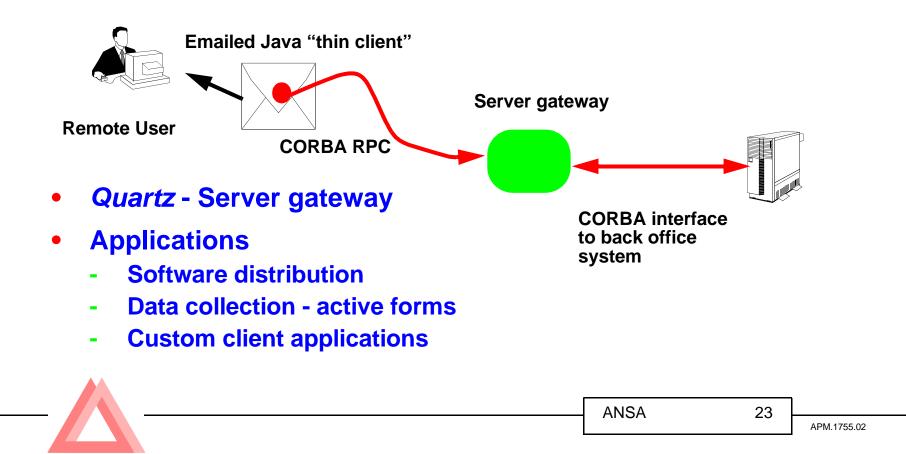


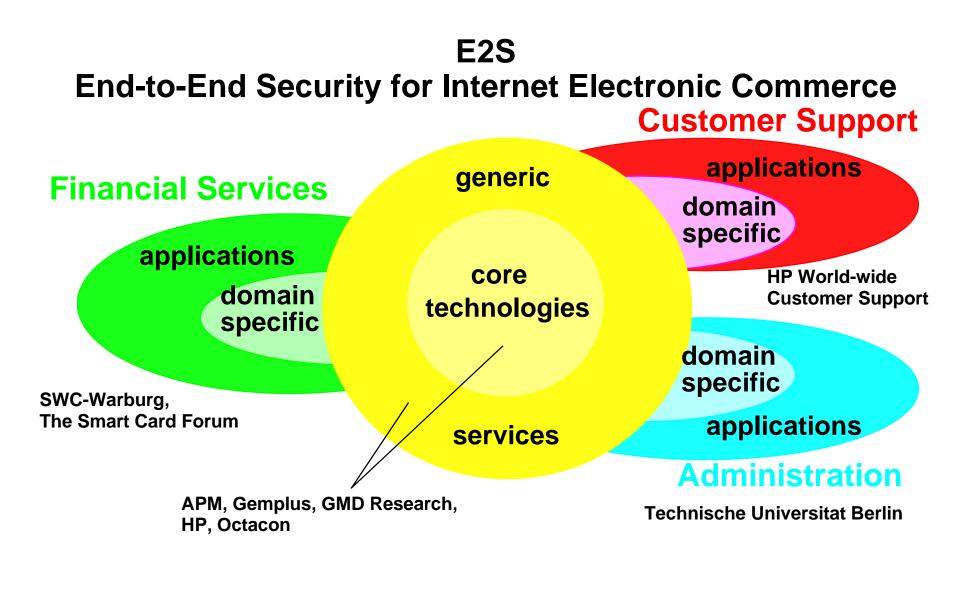


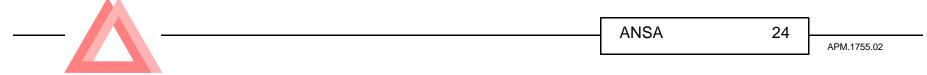




## Quartz Making CORBA objects easier to reach







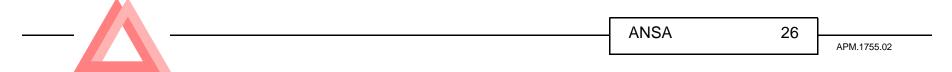
## **Distributed Multimedia Architecture - the need**

- Extend CORBA to handle multimedia streams, peer-to-peer communication, and quality-of-service negotiation and control
- Add real-time capabilities to the ANSA/ODP architecture
  - without compromise to federation, diversity, and scalability
- Provide interoperability between real-time and non-real-time objects
  - predictable islands in an unpredictable sea
- Provide real-time guarantees in an asynchronous distributed system
  - for high-performance distributed systems
  - for predictable distributed systems



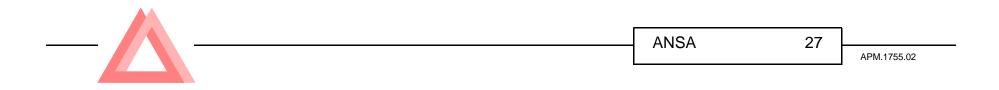
## **Distributed Multimedia Architecture - the key technologies**

- ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) and broadband networking
  - for multimedia streams with quality-of-service guarantees
- Lightweight operating systems with multithreaded real-time support
  - for high-performance, low-cost platforms
- Distributed Processing Environments (CORBA and others)
  - for distributed applications



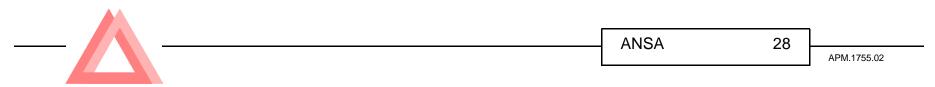
#### **Distributed Multimedia Architecture**

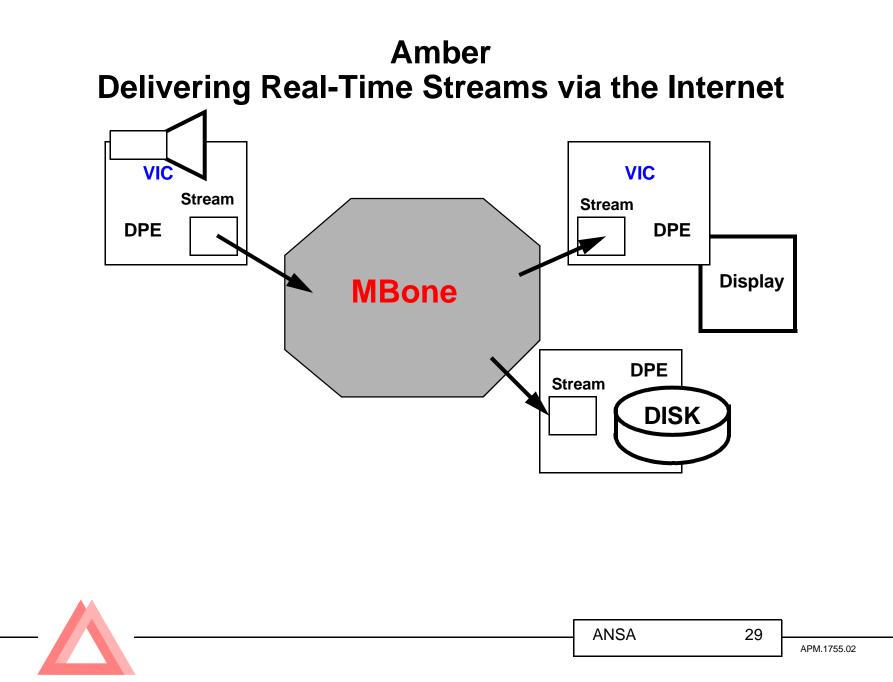
Di			Module	Personality Streams					
Real-time Explicit binding Nucleus Streams Capabilities QoS control			ORB1	ORB2	ANSAware 4.1		ANSAware / RT	DCE	
OSF/1	Nemesis	Chorus	<b>.</b>						
Real-time RPC			CORBA-IIC	CORBA-IIOP			Other RPC		



## **Distributed Multimedia Architecture - ANSA in action**

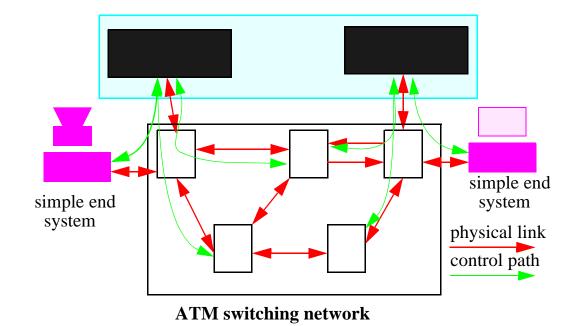
- Real-time mechanisms are already proven in ANSAware/RT
- ANSA infrastructure adds CORBA compatibility
  - and prototypes CORBA extensions for multimedia
- ANSA multimedia demonstrations exploit CORBA extensions
  - Amber
- Associated projects add broadband capability
  - ReTINA
  - DCAN
- ANSA contributes to multimedia and real-time standards
  - via OMG Telecom SIG
  - via ReTINA into ISO/ITU-T Open Distributed Processing (ODP) and TINA-C

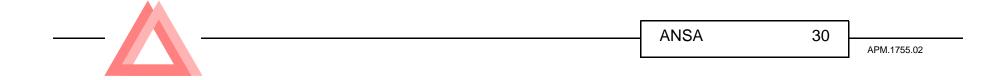




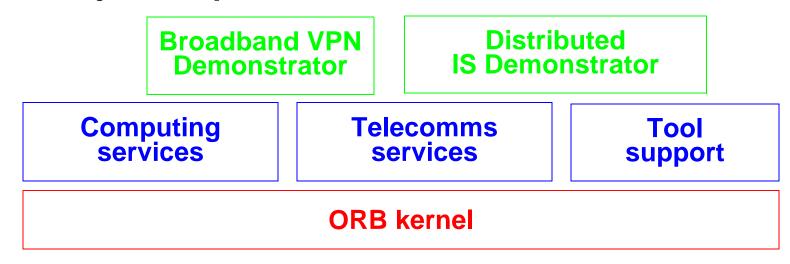
#### DCAN Distributed Control of ATM Networks

**Control and management using a distributed processing platform** 



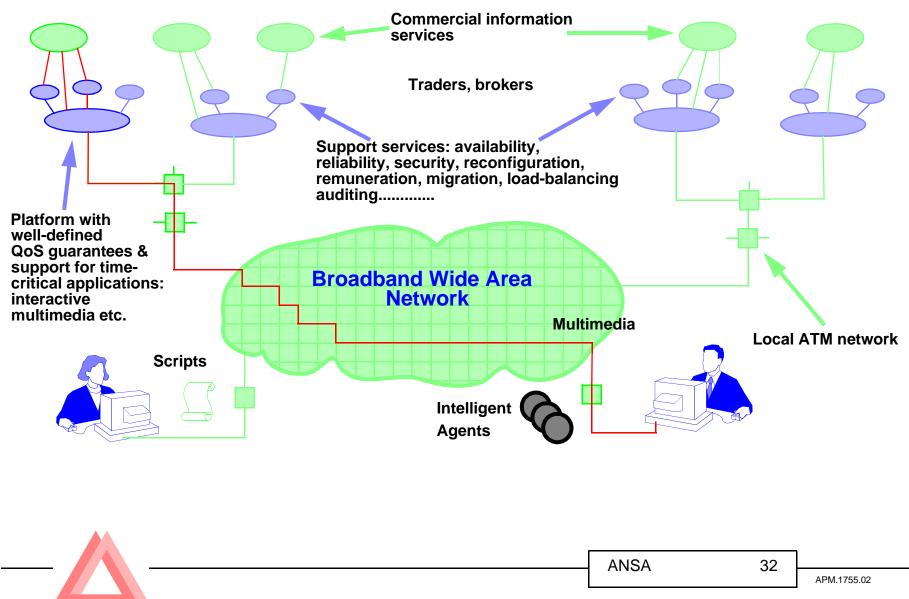


## ReTINA An Object Request Broker for Telecommunications





#### **Scenario Revisited**



## Summary

- ANSA is a firm foundation
  - being extended through ISF and Distributed Multimedia Architecture projects
- To find out more
  - see http://www.ansa.co.uk...
  - ... and the rest of ANSAworks!

