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ANSA Phase III

Programming dependable systems (slides)

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Abstract

Slides for a presentation to the ANSA TC.

This presentation is a snapshot of the work being documented in APM.1122.

APM.1155.00.03

Draft

24 February 1994

Request for Comments (confidential to ANSA consortium for 2 years)

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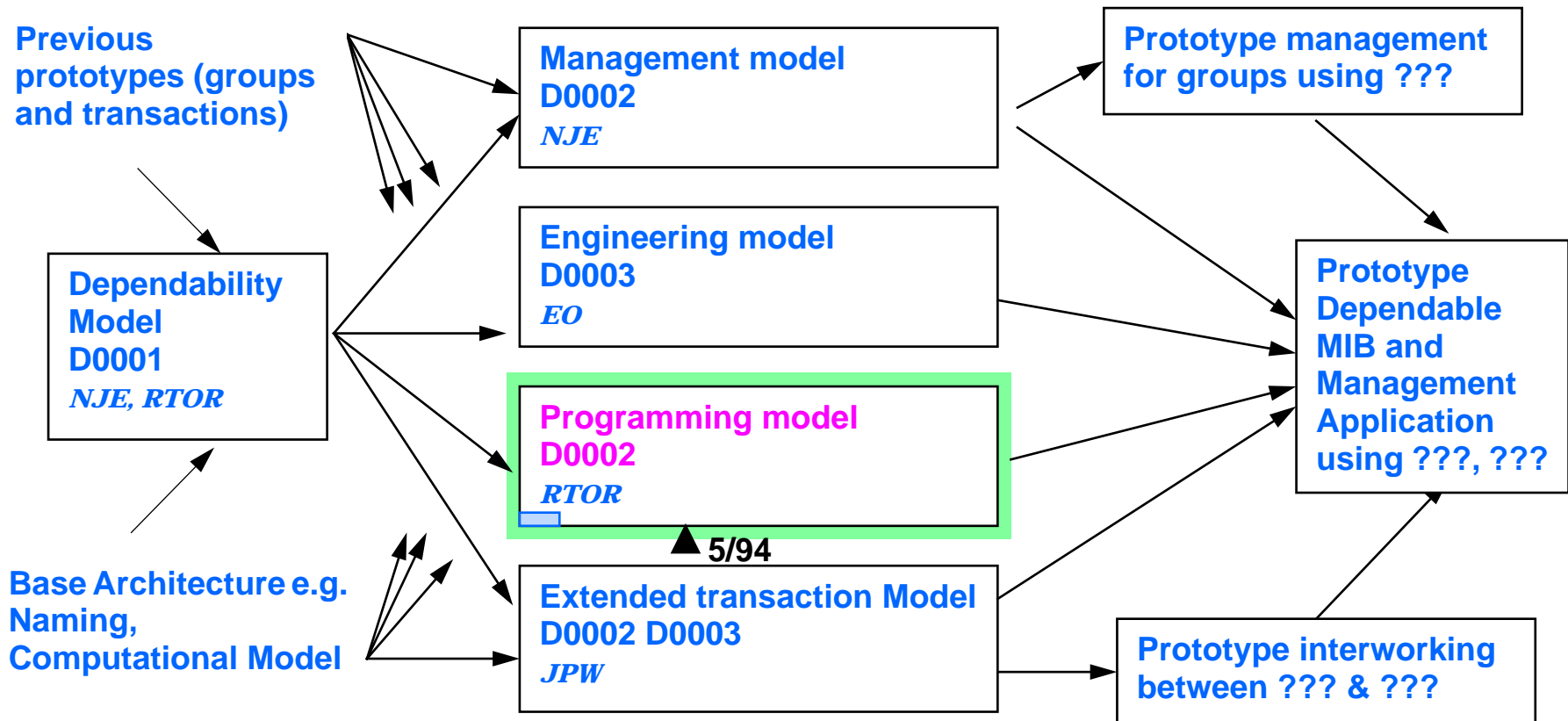
Dependability Programming Model

Work in Progress

Owen Rees

Dependability Group

Dependability outline plan





Objective of this talk

- **Status of work on the programming model for dependability**
- **Objectives of the work**
- **Plan**
 - **timescales**
 - **outputs**
- **Progress**
- **Relevance of the work**
 - **Is it relevant to you?**
 - **What kind of output is most useful?**



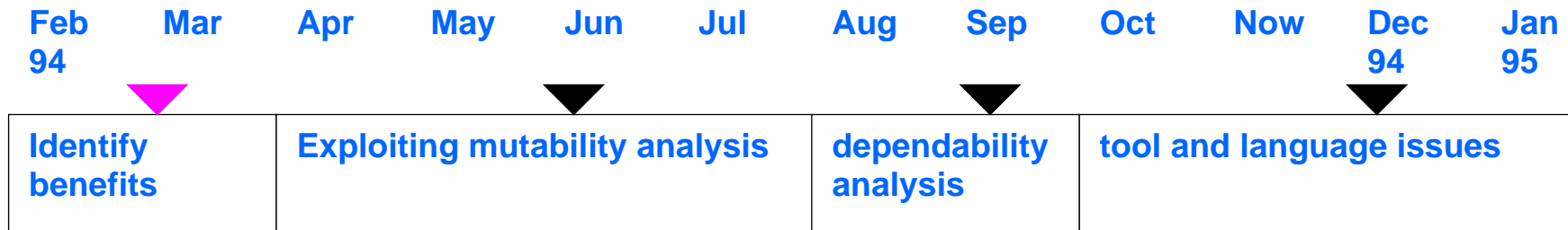
Objective of the work

- **Cheaper dependability by exploiting knowledge**
 - mechanisms less expensive in resources
 - less programming effort
- **Identify programming concepts that can be exploited**
- **Design and programming guidelines**
- **Propagating knowledge to decision points**
- **Infrastructure component requirements**
- **Potential for tool support**
 - design, programming and configuration tools
 - language issues



Programming model plan

- **Hypothesis: knowledge about use of mutable state can be exploited**
 - **Read access is distinguished from write access in transaction systems**



- **identify specific benefits that might be achieved**
- **identify how analysis of mutability might achieve those benefits**
- **analyse dependability characteristics of proposed mechanisms**
- **identify tool and language issues in realising these benefits**



Identify benefits

- Hypothesis: knowledge of use of mutable state can be exploited
- identify various mechanisms (replication, transactions)
- cost in storage, processing, comms of each mechanism
- dependability gain for mechanism (faults detected, tolerated etc.)
- significance of mutable state in the mechanism

- Savings possible given knowledge



Exploiting knowledge of mutability

- **How can knowledge of mutability be exploited in practice**
- **identify infrastructure components**
 - which components permit the range of mechanisms
- **how to choose infrastructure components**
 - configuration guided by knowledge
- **guidelines on structuring the application**
 - minimise requirement for expensive mechanisms
- **how knowledge of mutability can be propagated**
 - type, trading and binding issues
- **prototype to demonstrate feasibility**



Failure analysis

- Apply failure model to components and configurations
- Explore fault/error propagation characteristics
- Identify any stability problems

- Does the cheaper mechanism do the same job?
- If not, what is the difference?

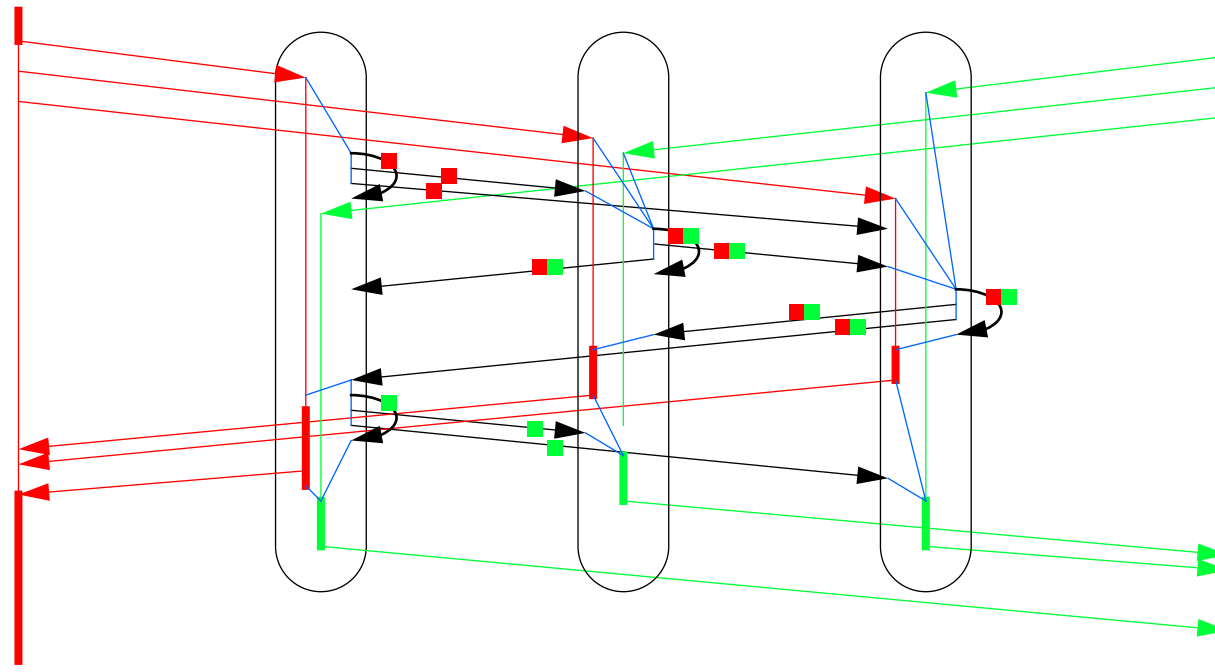
- Designer has better cost/benefit data



Tool support and language issues

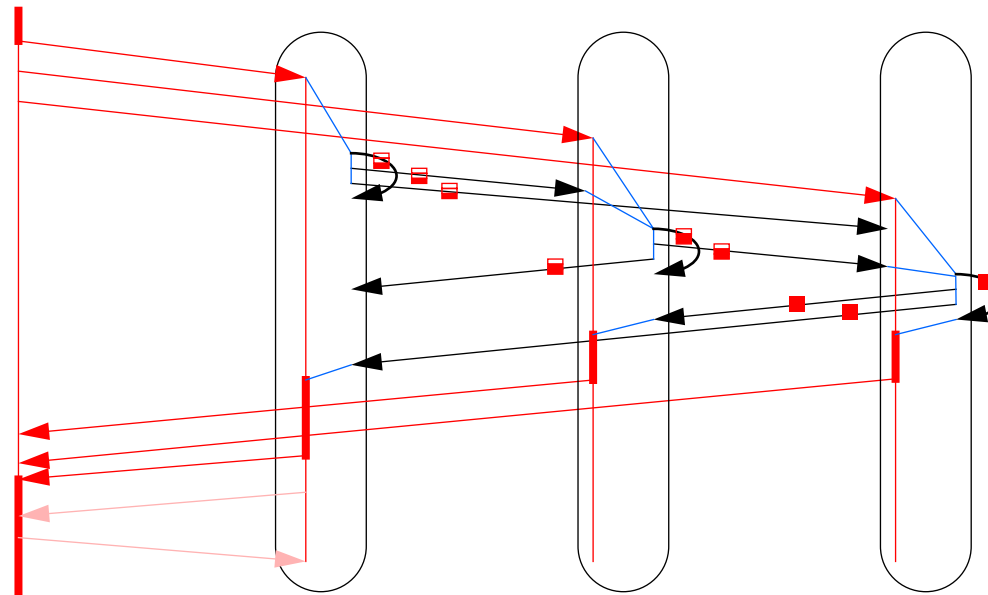
- Identify language features that enable tool support for dependability
 - Given a language, how can exploitable knowledge be extracted?
- Prototype some dependability support tools?

GEX example



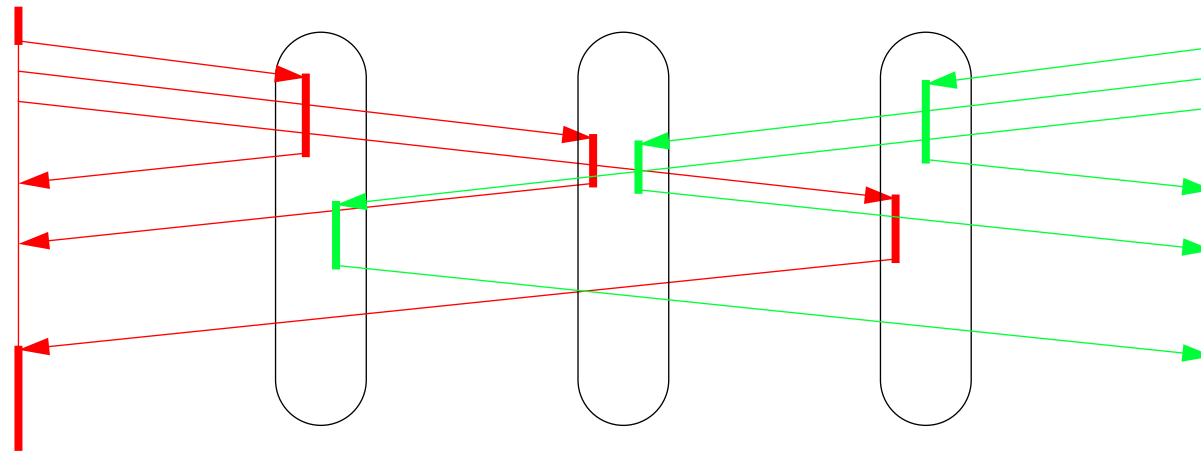
- 3 member group with concurrent invocations from singleton clients
- Protocol ensures consistent update

Cost of an invocation



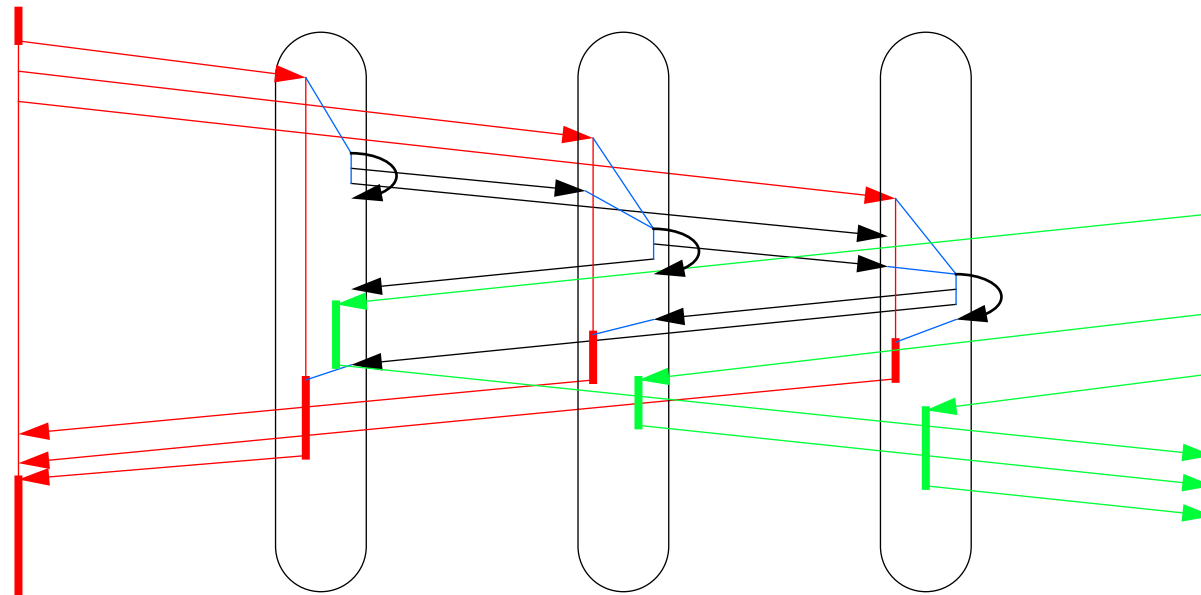
- 15 messages, 3 evaluations, 5 message latency
- Necessary for update because concurrent invocation is possible
- What if it only observes the state without updating?

Observe only – server knows



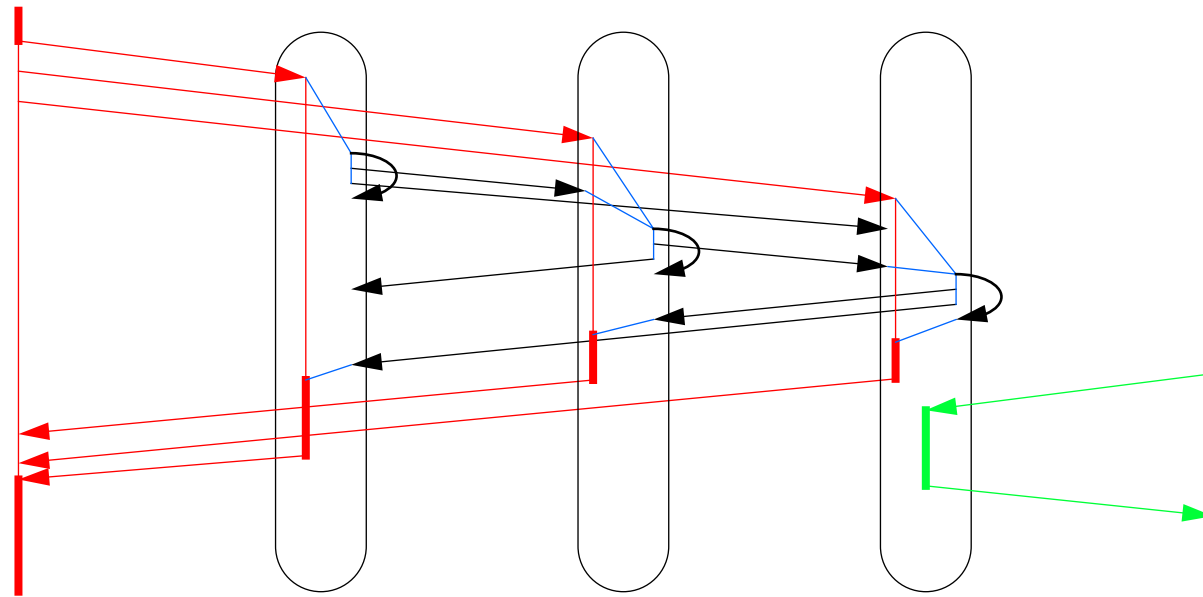
- **Arbitrary order, or concurrent evaluations**
- **6 messages, 3 evaluations, 2 message latency (down from 15, 3, 5)**
- **Observing mutable state implies update is possible – what problems?**

Conflict between observe and update



- Values before and after update differ – collation may fail (policy dependent)
- Some collation policies succeed – design and management choice

Client and server know operation is observe only



- Client may invoke only one member – costs 2 messages, 1 eval, 2 latency
- Server must be expecting this
- Different failure properties – significance to be studied



Current status

- **Observe only operations can be much cheaper**
 - especially if this knowlege is available to both client and server
 - but fault detection and tolerance properties change
 - starting to quantify dependability trade-offs
- **Potential benefits are significant**
- **Protocols need some refinement**
- **Knowledge propagation is important**
 - related to types of operations in interfaces
 - link to trading and binding needs to be explored
- **Promising on paper – is it implementable?**
 - prototyping needed to develop ideas
 - and to demonstrate them



Relevance of this work

- Is this work relevant to your company?
- Which aspects should be emphasised?
- How should the results be presented?
 - reports (APM.1122 is in preparation)
 - presentations
 - prototypes demonstrated at APM



Summary

- **Objectives of the work**
 - Cheaper dependability by exploiting knowledge
- **Plan**
 - identify benefits
 - study how knowledge can be exploited
 - analyse dependability characteristics
 - identify tool and language issues
- **Progress**
 - benefits for replication identified
- **Relevance of the work**
 - Is it relevant to you?
 - What kind of output is most useful?